C-Test Paper

1. #include

* What is wrong in the following problem


```
main() {
int i,j;
j = 10;
i = j++ - j++;
printf("%d %d", i,j);
}
```

ans: 0, 12

2.#include

* What is the output of the following problem

```
main() {
int j;
for(j=0;j<3;j++)
foo();
}
foo() {
static int i = 10;
i+=10;
printf("%d\n",i);
}
```

```
/* Out put is (***since static int is used i value is retained between

* 20 function calls )

* 30

* 40

*

/



3.#include

#include

#include

/* This is asked in PCS Bombay walk-in-interview

* What is wrong in the following code

*/

main()

{

char *c;

c = "Hello";

printf("%s\n", c);

}

/*ans:- Hello, The code is successfully running */



4. #include

/* This problem is given in PCS BOMBAY walk-in-interview.

* What is the final value of i and how many times loop is

* Executed ?
```

```
*/

main()

{
int i,j,k,l,lc=0;
/* the input is given as 1234 567 */
printf("Enter the number string:<1234 567 \n");
scanf("%2d%d%1d",&i,&j,&k);
for(;k;k--,i++)
for(l=0;l
printf("%d %d\n",i,l);}
printf("LOOPS= %d\n", lc-1);
}
/* Ans: i = 16, and loop is executed for 169 times */
```

5.#include

/* This is given in PCS Bombay walk-in-interview */

/* What is the output of the following program */

```
main() {
union {
int a;
int b;
int c;
```

} u,v;

u.a = 10;

u.b = 20;

printf("%d %d \n",u.a,u.b);

}

/* Ans : The latest value assigned to any of the union member

will be present in the union members so answer is

20 20

*/

6.#include

main()

{

float i, j;

scanf("%f %f", &i, &j);

printf("%.2f %.3f", i, j);

}

/Ans:- 123.34 3. 234 */

7.#include

/* This is given in PCS Bombay walk-in-interview

* What is the out put of the following problem ?

*/

main()

```
{

char *str = "12345";

printf("%c %c %c\n", *str, *(str++), *(str++));

}
```

/* Ans: It is not 1 2 3

* But it is 3 2 1 Why ??

*/

8.#include

/* This problem is asked in PCS Bombay Walk-in-interview

* Write a macro statement to find maximum of a,b

*/

```
#define max(a,b) (ab)?a:b

main()

{

int a,b;

a=3;

b=4;

printf("%d",max(a,b));

}
```

/* Ans is very simple the coding is just for testing it

and output is 4 */

~

9.#include

```
/* This problem is asked in PCS Bombay

* What is the output of the following coding

*/


main()

{

int len=4;

char *st="12345678";

st = st -len;

printf("%c\n",*st);

}

/* Ans : It will print some junk value */

~

10.#include

main()

{

func(1);

}

func(int i){

static char *str ={ "One","Two","Three","Four"};

printf("%s\n",str[i++]);

return;

}

/* Ans:- it will give warning because str is pointer to the char but

it is initialized with more values
```

if it is not considered then the answer is Two */

11.

#include

main()

{

int i;

for (i=1;i<100; i++)

printf("%d %0x\n",i,i);

}

/* Ans:- i is from 1 to 99 for the first format,

for the second format 1to9, ato f, 10 to 19,1ato1f, 20 to 29, etc */

12.#include

/* This problem is asked in PCS Bombay walk-in-interview

* In the following code please write the syntax for

* assing a value of 10 to field x of s and id_no 101 of s

*/

struct {

int x;

int y;

union {

int id_no;

char *name;

```c
}b;

}s,*st;

main()
{
st = &s;
st-x=10;
st-b.id_no = 101;
printf("%d %d\n",s..x,s.b.id_no);
}
/* Ans: The answer is st-x=10;
 * st-b.id_no=101;
 */
```

13.#include

```c
/* This problem was asked in PCS Bombay in a walk-in-interview
 * Write a recursive function that calculates
 * n * (n-1) * (n-2) * ....... 2 * 1
 */

main() {
int factorial(int n);
int i,ans;
printf("\n Enter a Number:");
scanf("%d",&i);
ans = factorial(i);
printf("\nFactorial by recursion = %d\n", ans);
```

```
}

int factorial(int n)

{

if (n <= 1) return (1);

else

return ( n * factorial(n-1));

}



~

14.#include

/* This problem is asked in PCS Bombay walk-in-interview

* What is the output of the following problem

*/

main(){

int j,ans;

j = 4;

ans = count(4);

printf("%d\n",ans);

}

int count(int i)

{

if ( i < 0) return(i);

else

return( count(i-2) + count(i-1));

}
```

/* It is showing -18 as an answer */

15.#include

main()

{

int i=4;

if(i=0)

printf("statement 1");

else

printf("statement 2");

}

/* statement 2 */

This is pcsb paper.

1. #include

* What is wrong in the following problem

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for(;k;k--,i++)

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and output is 4 */
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9.#include
/* This problem is asked in PCS Bombay
* What is the output of the following coding
*/

main()
{
int len=4;
char *st="12345678";
for(i=0; i<6; i++)
```

```
st = st -len;

printf("%c\n",*st);

}
```

/* Ans : It will print some junk value */

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```
10.#include

main()

{

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}

func(int i){

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st = &s;

st-x=10;

st-b.id_no = 101;

printf("%d %d\n",s.x,s.b.id_no);
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}

/* Ans: The answer is st-x=10;

* st-b.id_no=101;

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int factorial(int n)
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int count(int i)
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printf("statement 1");

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/* statement 2 */
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